Quiz 3-10-16  
Chapter 10 – Law and Due Process  
  
1. Civil law deals with all of the following except   
a. private rights.   
b. individual rights.   
c. public morality..   
d. private obligations and responsibilities.   
  
2. In a civil case, the individual filing the case is referred to as the   
a. prosecutor.   
b. plaintiff..   
c. defendant.   
d. respondent.   
  
3. If an individual dies without leaving a will and there are no living relatives, then his or her property passes to   
a. charity.   
b. the state.   
c. friends and neighbors.   
d. probate.   
  
4. In order for a corporation to secure permission to conduct legitimate business, it must receive a charter from which state official?   
a. Governor   
b. Secretary of state.   
c. Lieutenant governor   
d. Attorney general   
  
5. Civil law holds that when a new corporation is chartered \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and the new corporation is one that can sue, be sued, or be fined for criminal activity.   
a. a new legal person is created.   
b. the secretary of state endorses it   
c. a writ of injunction is issued   
d. the antitrust law ensues 

6. A court order to compel or restrain a particular action is called   
a. right-to-work law.   
b. stare decisis.   
c. writ of injunction..   
d. restraining order.   
  
7. All of the following groups have advocated for tort reform except   
a. businesses.   
b. insurance companies.   
c. plaintiffs’ lawyers..   
d. health professionals.   
  
8. What is the name of the new law that says if either party refuses an out-of-court settlement and if the jury awards damages significantly different from the settlement offer, the loser must pay all of the winner’s legal expenses in the case?   
a. Loser pays system.   
b. Tort reform   
c. Punitive damages   
d. Slander   
  
9. In Texas, all of following crimes are felonies except   
a. livestock rustling.   
b. engaging in sexual acts with a person under the age of 17.   
c. second-degree murder.   
d. stalking..   
  
10. Which court case did the U.S. Supreme Court approve seizing private residences to make way for a resort hotel, office buildings, and posh apartments? This court case caused Texas to join several other states in limiting government’s power of eminent domain.   
a. Eminent Domain v. Kelo   
b. Kelo v. City of New London Connecticut.   
c. Kelo v. City of New Jersey   
d. Kelo v. Rick Perry, et al.